## Grow Shetland

## Choosing Where to Grow

Growing area	Pros	Cons
Pots and containers	<ul> <li>You can grow something even if you don't have garden</li> <li>Can make use of patios, steps, path as a growing area</li> <li>Can recycle containers</li> <li>No digging required</li> <li>Adding to your growing space is easy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pots and containers need to be found</li> <li>Growing medium needed to fill pots and containers</li> <li>Require watering every day during dry periods</li> <li>Drying out can be disastrous</li> <li>Growing medium will need replacing every season and feeding regularly throughout growth period</li> </ul>
Raised beds	<ul> <li>Higher beds can be good for reducing the need to bend, if there are back or mobility problems</li> <li>The soil warms up quicker at the beginning of the year than ground level beds</li> <li>Improved drainage if the ground soil is wet</li> <li>No compaction of soil</li> <li>Soil nutrients and structure can be improved in a focused area</li> <li>Can be easier to keep on top of weeds</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Upfront costs to build a raised bed</li> <li>Soil or other growing medium needed to fill the bed A tonne bag of soil fills approx. 3m<sup>2</sup> at a depth of 30cm. The soil will settle (so multiply your bed volume by 1.6 to give enough spare to refill when needed).</li> <li>The deeper the bed, the more soil you'll need to fill it (and shift to put it in)</li> <li>Wheelbarrowing and shovelling soil of soil required to fill the bed</li> <li>Raised beds can reduce your overall growing space.</li> <li>Paths are necessary between the beds for walking and wheelbarrow access. 1m is good and works well at a height of 30cm, but the higher the bed the wider the path will need to be for wheelbarrows to get through</li> <li>The soil will dry out more easily and quickly than ground level beds</li> <li>More watering will be required, the higher the bed less likely plants will be able to access ground water</li> <li>Beds can be cooler or more prone to freezing in the winter</li> </ul>
Ground level beds	<ul> <li>Growing area can be maximized</li> <li>No need to build beds</li> <li>Soil directly available</li> <li>More consistent soil microbes</li> <li>Good access to ground water</li> <li>Less watering required</li> <li>Easier to grow crops requiring large land use (e.g. brassicas) or bigger areas of crops</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Poor results if soil is shallow, wet or stoney</li> <li>Bending required to reach bed</li> <li>Longer to warm at the beginning of the season</li> <li>Wetter through the winter</li> <li>Can become compacted</li> <li>Weeds encroach from surrounding area more readily</li> </ul>

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